

#### Wicked Problems: National Security Implications of the Fourth Industrial Revolution

Linton Wells II C4I & Cyber Center Seminar April 10, 2017

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- Definition of Wicked Problems
- Four Industrial Revolutions
- Intersections with Current Military Developments
- International Challenges
- Implications of Converging Trends
- Challenges for National Security Decision-Makers & Research

## **Security Definition**



#### Freedom from want and freedom from fear

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## **Broad Classes of Problems**



- Simple (or Tame or Well-Structured) Problems
  - Problem is well-defined and how to solve it is generally known, even though executing may be hard
  - See slide 6
- Complicated (or Medium-Structured) Problems
  - General agreement on problem definition, but not on the solution
- Wicked (or Complex or Ill-Structured) Problems
  - No agreement on problem definition, much less on solution. See slides 7-8

## **Tame Problems**



- Have a relatively well-defined and stable problem statement.
- Have a definite stopping point, i.e. we know when the solution or a solution is reached.
- Have a solution which can be objectively evaluated as being right or wrong.
- Belong to a class of similar problems which can be solved in a similar manner.
- Have solutions which can be tried and abandoned.

## **Criteria for Wicked Problems (1)**



**Rittel and Webber**, 1973, as amplified by United States **Army**. "Commander's Appreciation and Campaign Design" Version 1.0, 28 January 2008. Pages 4-12.

#### Wicked (or Complex, or Ill-Structured) Problems

- There is no definitive way to formulate a wicked problem
- Wicked problems have no "stopping rule"
- Solutions to wicked problems are better or worse, not right or wrong
- There is no immediate, nor ultimate, test of a solution to a wicked problem
- Every solution to a wicked problem is a one-shot operation
- Every wicked problem is essentially unique and novel
- Wicked problems are interactively complex
- Every wicked problem is a symptom of another problem
- We cannot understand a wicked problem without proposing a solution
- Wicked problems have no fixed set of potential solutions
- The problem-solver has no right to be wrong

# **Criteria for Wicked Problems (2)**



- Wicked Problems: A class of problems "that defy solution," even with our most sophisticated analytical tools"
- **Characterized by:**

(Roberts, 2001, p. 1)

- No definitive problem statement: in fact, there is broad disagreement on what 'the problem' is
- An open-ended search for solutions
- Stakeholders champion alternative solutions and compete with one another in ways that directly connects their preferred solution and their preferred problem definition
- Problem solving process is complex since constraints are constantly changing
- Constraints also change because numerous interested parties change the problem-solving rules

#### **Examples**



- Terrorism
- Nuclear Proliferation
- Cyber Security
- Climate Change
- Border Security

### **Four Industrial Revolutions**

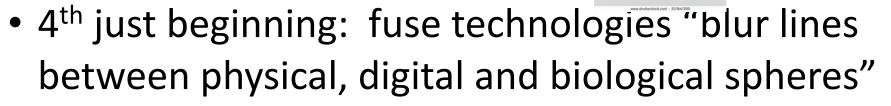
- 1<sup>st</sup> ~1780s:
- 2<sup>nd</sup> ~1870:
- 3<sup>rd</sup> ~1969:



















Source: Klaus Schwab, "The Fourth Industrial Revolution: what it means, how to respond," 14 January 2016 <u>http://www.weforum.org/agenda/2016/01/</u>, accessed February 16, 2016

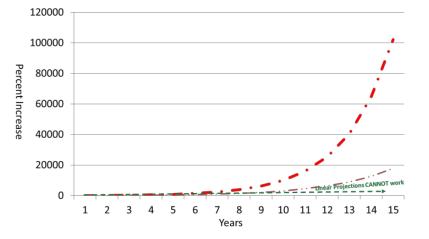
## 4<sup>th</sup> Industrial Revolution (4<sup>th</sup> IR)

- Key distinctions between 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4th revolutions:
  Velocity of change, scope, and systems-wide impact
  - Massively disruptive, and accelerating
  - Transforming management, as well as production and distribution
  - Can provide very **important collective benefits** to society, but also **negatively affect many individuals** 
    - -Loss of jobs and pace of social change
    - Machine learning and artificial intelligence
- Responses must engage public-private, whole-ofsociety, and trans-national stakeholders
  - In comprehensive, integrated ways

## **Velocity of Tech Change**

#### If a factor, e.g. computing power/unit cost, doubles every 18 mo, 5 yr increase is 900%, 10 yr 10,000%, 15 yr ~100,000%

Growth in Computing Power per Unit Cost



Capability doubles every 18 months - - Capability doubles every 24 months - - -

Biotech even faster, robotics ubiquitous, nano poised breakout, energy impacts are global

 Think BRINE (bio-robo-info-nano-energy) + Additive Manufacturing Interactions complicate things Linear projections CAN'T work

# U.S. Third Offset Strategy (3<sup>rd</sup> OS)

- Leverages many similar technologies as 4IR
- 5 main building blocks:
  - Learning machines:
  - Human-machine collaboration:
  - Advanced human-machine combat teaming:
  - Assisted human operations:
  - Autonomous weapons:











12

# Third Offset Strategy (2)

- Goal of 3<sup>rd</sup> OS is to "make humans more effective in combat" Much in common with 4th IR
  - In both areas people must be empowered to address most serious challenges
  - Tech is important, but both involve adaption and, ideally anticipation, across Organizations, People, and Processes, as well as Technology
- NOT JUST TECH



## **Convergence of Commercial Trends will** Affect C4ISR\*

- Velocity of Tech Change
- Explosion of Sensors—many-non-government
- Cyber and EW—Kinetic and Non-Kinetic Fires
- Info Sharing & Security
- Data Visualization/Virtual Reality
- OODA Loop & Decision Cycles

\*Command, Control, Communications, Computing, Intelligence, Surveillance, Reconnaissance

## **Explosion of Sensors**

- Open Source ISR-GIS
- UASs





• IV4 (Info Volume, Velocity, Veracity, Value)



• Mobile, Wearable

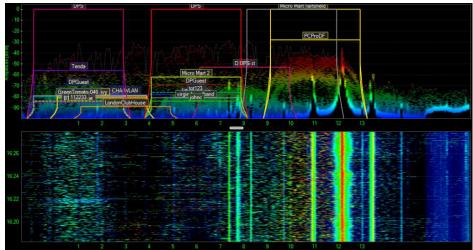


• Internet of Things (IoT)



## Cyber and EW Convergence Kinetic & Non-Kinetic Fires

- Maneuver in Electromagnetic Spectrum (EMS) Space
  - Navy Electromagnetic Maneuver Warfare (EMW)
  - Army Cyber Electromagnetic Activities (CEMA)
    - EW Planning & Management Tool (EWPMT)
  - Marine Corps Cyber EW Coordination Cell
    - (CEWCC)
  - USAF
- C4ISR Implications



#### **Info Sharing and Security**

- Info Sharing Rules
- Alternative approaches to cybersecurity
  - Big data
  - NRT anomaly detection
  - Supply chain, blockchain
- Major policy, legal, moral, ethical, privacy issues



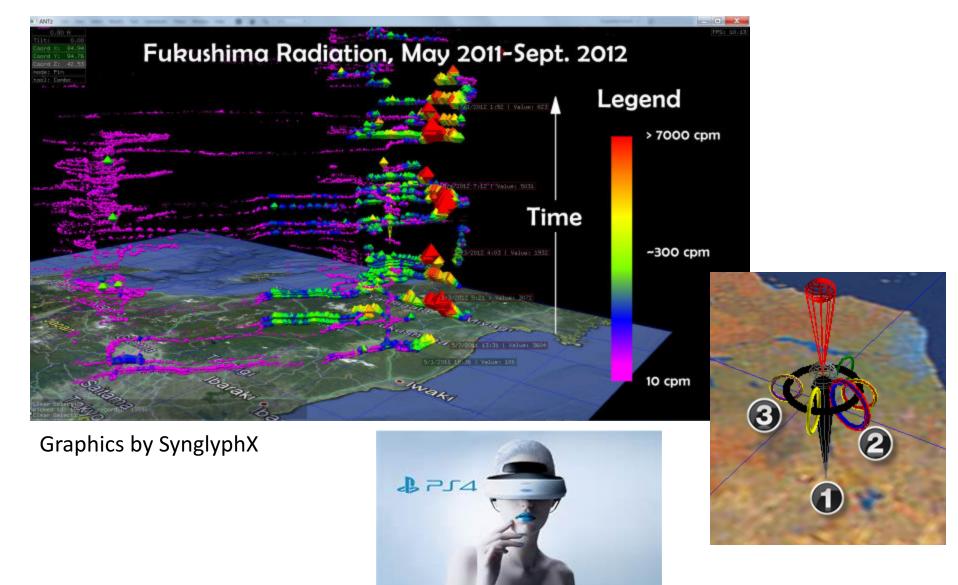
#### **Command and Control/Sensemaking/**

**Decision Support** 



How to achieve "Unity of Action" when there's no "Unity of Control?"

#### **Data Visualization/Virtual Reality**



#### **OODA Loop & Decision Cycles**

- "Observe" and "Orient" phases increasingly electromagnetic
- "Decide" and "Act" supported by information processing OOD
- Cyber can dominate OODA loop in any domain
- Tech changes
  - Processing power
  - Machine learning
  - Sensor proliferation
  - Army 2050 battlefield—can you move?
- Speed of decisions
  - "Man-on-the-loop," vice "Man-in-the-loop"



Image courtesy successing.com

### Cheap Tech Challenges U.S. Tactical Dominance

- Evolving Tech
  - Additive Manufacturing—drones, EFPs
  - Nanotech—nanoexplosives and nanomaterials
  - Space-like capabilities-GIS, ORS, Aerial Layer
  - AI—convergence of tech to make cheap, widely available, autonomous weapons
- Implications for Modern Battlefield
  - Irregular Warfare, Conventional Warfare (Ground, Sea, Air, Space, Cyber)
- Strategic Implications—cost of intervention rises
  - "Small, smart and many"\* represent excellent investments for adversaries
  - US may be underinvesting in evolving 4IR tech that's changing nature of warfare







#### 4<sup>th</sup> IR Job-Related Security Issues (1)

- 4<sup>th</sup> IR can raise global incomes and improve quality of lives
  - More unequal and disrupted labor markets
  - Loss of jobs, "low-skill/low-pay" and "high-skill/high pay" groups
  - Societal inequalities and social tensions



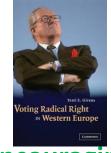
- Service jobs particularly vulnerable to automation
  - Services are some 80% of developed world employment, growing role in developing economies
  - McKinsey Global Institute (MGI) 2017 study:
    - less than 5 percent of all occupations can be automated entirely
    - "about 60% of all occupations have at least 30% of constituent activities that could be automated." [with present tech]

#### **Job-Related Security Implications (2)**

- Impacts likely to be more severe in youth bulge areas
  - Parts of Islamic world, South Asia and sub-Saharan Africa, plus megacities and under-served parts of developed world
  - Pressures for migration & radicalization if NO entry level jobs
    - Hence no stake in international system
- Many types of security problems:
  - Impact of a million refugees on Europe in 2015
  - Many times more likely in future
  - High potential for domestic unrest, scapegoatfinding, radical nationalism and protectionism
    - Unless governments and the private sector "are really skillful in managing these changes" -- track record not encouraging

The Economist has been especially good in reporting on these topics





#### **Job-Related Security Implications (3)**

- 4<sup>th</sup> IR challenges are beyond 3<sup>rd</sup> OS's intended focus
  - Unrest in developing (and developed) world
  - Potential threats to existing security structures
    - Political, social and economic issues threaten true center of gravity of future conflicts: resilience of populations of engaged nations
    - Can challenge social compacts
- Also threaten possible de-globalization<sup>\*</sup>
  - Local production of manufacturing and services
  - Installed new energy production is now dominated by local sources
    -- solar, wind, hydro, and fracked natural gas.
  - Explosion of productivity in urban and indoor agriculture
  - Voter anger over trade pacts

#### Balkanization of Internet

\*TX Hammes, "3-D Printing Will Disrupt the World in Ways We Can Barely Imagine," <u>http://warontherocks.com/2015/12/3-d-printing-will-disrupt-the-world-in-ways-we-can-barely-imagine/</u>





#### Building Resilient Opportunities in Culturally Aligned, Diverse Environments



#### Reducing Pressures for Migration, Radicalization and Marginalization Through "Collaborative Economy" Initiatives

#### www.brocaderesilience.org

4/10/17



## BROCADE Shift Focus from THREAT to Opportunity

Provides a framework to:

- Build resilience in under-served communities
- By reducing risk and
- Providing collaborative economic opportunities ("Peers, Inc." model)
  - Airbnb reached 650,000 beds in 4 years

Apply multi-sector approaches that integrate changes in People, Organizations, Processes & Technology

"Make hope possible, rather than fear convincing"-- Raymond Wilson

### Potential "Platforms" for BROCADE (the "Inc." from "Peers, Inc.")

High Efficiency Urban Agriculture/Farming/Food Security

Local Production and Logistics: 3-D printing, etc.

Energy and Energy Storage

**Clean Water** 

**Information and Communications Technology (ICT):** Ubiquitous Connectivity via SkyFi; Innovative Learning; Conversational User Interfaces (CUI); Include Appropriate **Cybersecurity** from the Start

Health: Telemedicine; Cheap, Widely Deployable Sanitation, Environmental Medicine

Low Cost, Culturally Aligned Shelters

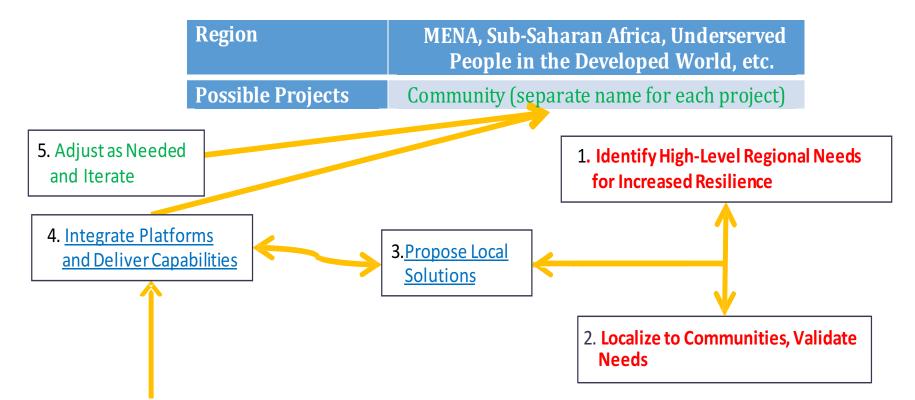
Heating and Cooling

**Governance, Security, Community Design & Management**: Sensors; Geospatial Information System (GIS) data; Blockchains for Secure Land Titles and Transparent Transactions

Public-Private Partnerships/Cooperation

Innovative Financial Arrangements: e.g., M-Pesa, Micro-Loans

## Transitioning BROCADE's Strategy to Framework to Locally Focused Projects



Apply framework to local conditions by integrating several "platforms" to deliver capabilities to meet local needs through projects

# **GMU's Large Role in BROCADE**



- Lead project in Appalachia with Shepherd U
- Other projects developing in:
  - Morocco
  - Ghana
  - Japan
  - Philippines
- STAR-TIDES tech demo at GMU Sept 12-15
  - Near Johnson Center
  - STAR-TIDES (<u>www.star-tides.net</u>) accumulates tech for BROCADE
- Join us!

# Converging 4<sup>th</sup> IR Trends (1)

- Trends can't be controlled by governments, only influenced
  - May need to "restructure our national security" strategy, culture, and organizations accordingly"
    - How to do better with foresight & strategic futures?
- 4<sup>th</sup> IR will affect business, government, and people
  - Challenge very feasibility of governing by "systems of public policy and decision-making [that] evolved alongside the Second Industrial Revolution"
    - "When decision-makers had time to study a specific issue and develop the necessary response or appropriate regulatory framework".edu, linwells@gmail.com,

## **Converging 4<sup>th</sup> IR Trends (2)**

- Trends support:
  - Hybridization of warfare,
  - Empowerment of individuals and non-state actors (especially through cyber, autonomous and biological weapons), and
  - Further blurring of lines between combatants and noncombatants
- Impact likely to be most profound on people
  - Will change "not only what we do, but also who we are"
  - Privacy issues will be key, but also biotech and AI revolutions "which are re-defining what it means to be human by pushing back the current thresholds of life span, health, cognition, and capabilities, will compel us to redefine our moral and ethical boundaries"

## Do 4<sup>th</sup> IR Issues Meet Wicked Problems Criteria?

- No definitive problem statement: broad disagreement on what 'the problem' is
- An open-ended search for solutions—no stopping rule
- Stakeholders champion alternative solutions and compete with one another
- Constraints are constantly changing
  - Pace of technology
  - Economic impacts and resource availability
  - Numerous interested parties change the problemsolving rules
- Interactively complex—need iterative approaches
- The problem-solver has no right to be wrong

4/10/17

### 4<sup>th</sup> IR Challenges for Decision-Makers

- Projections range from pessimistic to optimistic
  Insufficient data now for major public policy decisions
- Don't accept passively: shape "a future that reflects common objectives and values"
- Work to develop comprehensive view of how tech is affecting our lives and all our environments
- Break free of linear thinking—"there is no box"
  - Think strategically to turn threats into opportunities
  - Such as Diamandis & Kotler Abundance
  - Innovate! Improve! Repeat!



## **Implications for Research**

- Research opportunities in many areas
  - C4I & Cyber, Engineering, Science, Conflict Analysis and Resolution, Public Policy, also Business & Education
  - Focus at Policy-Technology-Sociology-Economy interface
- Promote change in how Organizations, People, Processes and Technology come together
  - Link security and sustainability goals, public-private, trans-national mechanisms & regional cooperation
- Organizations in Europe and the Gulf are building knowledge development resource centers with
  - Analytics & visualization component
  - Training modules and a vibrant community of interest
- All could be tied together. Who will lead?

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## **Questions for Students**

What technologies will your children use to befuddle you the way you befuddle you parents? Perhaps:

- Cyborgization of the human body
- Trans-generational perception differences
- Genome modification
- Networked minds
- What else?







# **QUESTIONS?**

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